

PRODUCT ORDERING



RYTELO (imetelstat) is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with low- to intermediate-1 risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) with transfusion-dependent anemia requiring 4 or more red blood cell units over 8 weeks who have not responded to or have lost response to or are ineligible for erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (ESA).

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Thrombocytopenia

RYTELO can cause thrombocytopenia based on laboratory values. In the clinical trial, new or worsening Grade 3 or 4 decreased platelets occurred in 65% of patients with MDS treated with RYTELO.

Monitor patients with thrombocytopenia for bleeding. Monitor complete blood cell counts prior to initiation of RYTELO, weekly for the first two cycles, prior to each cycle thereafter, and as clinically indicated. Administer platelet transfusions as appropriate. Delay the next cycle and resume at the same or reduced dose, or discontinue as recommended.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and <u>full Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.

Accessing RYTELO Through Geron's Authorized Specialty Distributors and Specialty Pharmacies

You can take an active role in ensuring the security of the pharmaceutical supply chain by sourcing products only from authorized distributors or pharmacies.

RYTELO can be purchased from the specialty distributors listed below.

Authorized Distributor	Phone	Fax	Website	
ASD Healthcare	1-800-746-6273	1-800-547-9413	asdhealthcare.com	
BioCare, Inc.	1-800-304-3064	1-602-850-6215	biocare-us.com	
Cardinal Health Puerto Rico	1-787-625-4200	1-787-625-4398	orderexpress.cardinalhealth.com	
Cardinal Health Specialty Pharmaceutical Distribution	1-855-855-0708	1-614-553-6301	orderexpress.cardinalhealth.com	
McKesson Plasma & Biologics	1-877-625-2566	1-888-752-7626	connect.mckesson.com	
McKesson Specialty Health	1-800-482-6700	1-855-824-9489	mscs.mckesson.com	
Oncology Supply	1-800-633-7555	1-800-248-8205	oncologysupply.com	

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (cont'd)

Neutropenia

RYTELO can cause neutropenia based on laboratory values. In the clinical trial, new or worsening Grade 3 or 4 decreased neutrophils occurred in 72% of patients with MDS treated with RYTELO.

Monitor patients with Grade 3 or 4 neutropenia for infections, including sepsis. Monitor complete blood cell counts prior to initiation of RYTELO, weekly for the first two cycles, prior to each cycle thereafter, and as clinically indicated. Administer growth factors and anti-infective therapies for treatment or prophylaxis as appropriate. Delay the next cycle and resume at the same or reduced dose, or discontinue as recommended.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and <u>full</u> <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.



Accessing RYTELO Through Specialty Distributors and Specialty Pharmacies

RYTELO can be dispensed and shipped directly to providers through the specialty pharmacies listed below.

Specialty Pharmacies						
Authorized Pharmacy	NPI	Phone	Fax	Website		
Biologics by McKesson	1487640314	1-800-850-4306	1-800-823-4506	biologics.mckesson.com		
Onco360 Oncology Pharmacy (includes Puerto Rico)	1679618151	1-877-662-6633	1-877-662-6355	<u>onco360.com</u>		

NPI=National Provider Identifier.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (cont'd)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (cont'd)

Infusion-Related Reactions

RYTELO can cause infusion-related reactions. In the clinical trial, infusion-related reactions occurred in 8% of patients with MDS treated with RYTELO; Grade 3 or 4 infusion-related reactions occurred in 1.7%, including hypertensive crisis (0.8%). The most common infusion-related reaction was headache (4.2%). Infusion-related reactions usually occur during or shortly after the end of the infusion.

Premedicate patients at least 30 minutes prior to infusion with diphenhydramine and hydrocortisone as recommended and monitor patients for one hour following the infusion as recommended. Manage symptoms of infusion-related reactions with supportive care and infusion interruptions, decrease infusion rate, or permanently discontinue as recommended.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and <u>full</u> <u>Prescribing Information</u>, including <u>Medication Guide</u>.



Important Safety Information

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Embryo-Fetal Toxicity

RYTELO can cause embryo-fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to a fetus. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with RYTELO and for 1 week after the last dose.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Serious adverse reactions occurred in 32% of patients who received RYTELO. Serious adverse reactions in >2% of patients included sepsis (4.2%), fracture (3.4%), cardiac failure (2.5%), and hemorrhage (2.5%). Fatal adverse reactions occurred in 0.8% of patients who received RYTELO, including sepsis (0.8%).

Most common adverse reactions (≥10% with a difference between arms of >5% compared to placebo), including laboratory abnormalities, were decreased platelets, decreased white blood cells, decreased neutrophils, increased AST, increased alkaline phosphatase, increased ALT, fatigue, prolonged partial thromboplastin time, arthralgia/myalgia, COVID-19 infections, and headache.

Please see full Prescribing Information, including Medication Guide.





